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THE WEATHER

Forecast: Fair.	Yesterday's	Yesterday's	Today's
Humidity	Min-Max	Min-Max	Min-Max
Jerusalem	43	11-20	22
Galilee	38	11-22	22
Nahariya	47	12-26	26
Bafad	48	10-18	20
Haifa Port	52	14-25	26
Tiberias	36	12-24	26
Nazareth	35	11-25	27
Afula	35	12-21	25
Shomron	47	10-24	26
Tel Aviv	29	14-27	28
B-G Airport	37	14-30	30
Jericho	43	10-24	26
Chana	35	11-25	27
Beer Sheva	47	15-30	30
Eilat	26	21-29	29
Tiran Straits	24	23-25	26

SOCIAL & PERSONAL

Minister of Industry, Commerce and Tourism Yigal Hurvitz on Friday met with Jose Ramon Lopez Portillo Romano, son of the Mexican president, and discussed the possibilities of expanding economic cooperation between Israel and Mexico.

Mr. Lopez Portillo, who is the director-general of documentation and analysis at Mexico's Secretariat of Planning and Budget on Friday visited the Weizmann Institute and was received by David Moushine, director of special affairs.

The chairman of the Volunteer Services Centre, Esther Herlitz, gave a reception at her home in Tel Aviv yesterday for Ian Bruce, director of the National Volunteer Centre of Great Britain. British Ambassador John Mason, was among those present.

The opening of a one-week exhibition by guest Rumanian artist Gregori Zinkovskii was held last night in Netanyahu's Ohel Shem. Speakers at the ceremony included Netanyahu Mayor Avraham Bar-Menashe, and the Rumanian Consul Demetriu Tzenou.

ARRIVALS

Prof. William Haber (University of Michigan), president of the Central Board of World ORT Union, to participate in the 24th Biennial National Convention of Women's American ORT, which will take place in Jerusalem.

DEPARTURES

Yitzhak Rabin, former prime minister, for New York, with Mrs. Rabin, on a one-month lecture tour of various U.S. cities on behalf of the UJA and Israel Bonds.

4 die on roads

Four persons were killed in two road accidents on Friday. Fanya Krieger, a 30-year-old Tel Aviv resident, was hit by a private car while crossing Rehov Kibbutz Galuyot at a pedestrian crossing. She was brought to Ichilov Hospital where she died. Police are seeking eye-witnesses.

Three residents of Buelna, a village near Nazareth, were killed when the pickup truck they were riding in collided with a bus on the Mghar road. She'ia Yusef, 36, Ali Nugiyadat, 21, and Hussein Nugiyadat, 25, died when they were flung out of the vehicle. A fourth passenger, Salah Hamat, 40, was seriously injured. (Iltm)

Strong opposition seen to Hazan's plan for Zionist-socialist front

By JOSHUA BRILLIANT
Post Political Reporter

Labour and Mapam leaders yesterday predicted strong opposition to a proposal that the Zionist-socialist political movements form a common front.

The proposal, presented by Mapam's Ya'acov Hazan in the party's daily "Al Hamishmar" on Friday, envisages the factions as joining forces to oppose the ruling "right wing" while retaining their particular characteristics and organization.

This is the second major proposal raised in the Labour movement since the Alignment's debacle in the May 17 elections. The Moshav Movement in Labour had earlier called to break up the Labour-Mapam Alignment and return to the values of the "historical Mapai" (which united with Rafi and Abud Ha'avoda to form the Labour Party).

Labour's chairman, Shimon Peres, will meet Hazan on Tuesday to discuss the proposed front. But Peres supports a Labour-Mapam merger, a proposal Hazan opposes. MK Yossi Sarid welcomed the idea of a front which would include factions competing among each other. It will enhance the arena, he said, while conceding that the majority in Labour claims factionalism leads to splits.

Shelli's MK Arye Elav told The Jerusalem Post he will present Hazan's proposal at the next meeting of his movement's Executive. Every member of the Labour movement must consider this proposal, Elav stated.

Labour's MK Uri Baram rejected the plan outright. Each party must appeal to its potential electorate, he argued. If Labour joins the front it will be forgoing the support of the moderate left and the centre, he said. The Zionist-socialist parties can find a common denominator on several points — but one does not have to form a bloc for that, he argued. The last 12 years did not prove the thesis that unities yield an electoral victory, he added.

There was considerable criticism to the proposal in Mapam as well. Mapam's political secretary, MK Naftali Feder told The Post he has "some views and comments" but it is too early to air them in the press. Mapam's Naftali Ben Moshe, who is a member of the Histadrut's Central Committee, criticized the plan because it will present voters with a "supermarket" of ideas, creating an impression of a lack of credibility. Hazan argued in his proposal that his plan will save the Labour movement's achievements.

In the two-page article in "Al-Hamishmar," Hazan claimed the

Labour movement had collapsed. It failed to give political ideological guidance in the changing political, social, economic situation and allowed pragmatism to overrule. The pragmatic trend was strengthened by new immigrants who were ideologically far from socialism but who joined Labour because it was the ruling party, he said.

Meanwhile, the "right" ascended to power and is threatening the Labour movement and all it stands for, Hazan warned.

The veteran Mapam leader also warned that "the right" will impose religious coercion "not at once (but) step by step."

Hazan said that the parties and other movements in the proposed front will be free to debate and carry out their political-ideological struggles, as long as they remain within the boundaries set by the common platform. Internal elections will be held one year before the national and Histadrut elections to determine the balance of power between the front's components.

He wrote that once the Labour movement returns to power — the Prime Minister and the Minister of Finance will be elected from the ranks of the biggest party. The other ministerial portfolios should be divided in accordance with each party's size.

Kushnir wins chess semi-finals

BERLIN (AP). — Israel's Alla Kushnir-Stein won the 10th of 12 games Thursday night, defeating Elena Fatalibekova of the Soviet Union in the Women's World Chess semi-finals.

Alla Kushnir-Stein, 36, won in the 29th move and picked up the last point needed to reach 6.5 points and win the series that began September 22.

Elena Fatalibekova, 26-year-old daughter of two Russian chess masters, finished with 3.5 points. The Israeli winner emigrated from the Soviet Union in 1974 and is considered by some to be the world's best woman player after the Soviet Union's Nona Gaprindashvili, who will play the winner of the semi-final series which opened with the West Berlin competition.

2,000 expected at ORT parley

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Women's American ORT opens its 24th biennial national convention in Israel this afternoon. Approximately 1,500 delegates and another 500 guests are expected at the four-day meeting, which marks the 50th anniversary of the American women's supportive arm of ORT — "Organization for Rehabilitation through Training."

ORT is a worldwide network of vocational training schools dedicated to the rehabilitation of uprooted and underprivileged Jews. The convention gets under way at 4 p.m. today with a sports spectacular at Tel Aviv's Yehuda Stadium. ORT students will perform gymnastics and sing and dance for their overseas benefactors.

The convention moves tomorrow to Binyanei Ha'oma in Jerusalem, where President Ezer Weizman and U.S. Ambassador Samuel Lewis will be among the opening speakers.

Foreign Minister Moshe Dayan, will address the convention on Tuesday, and former Defense Minister Shimon Peres will appear on Wednesday.

Women's American ORT is one of the organization's funding groups now operating in 40 countries. More than 125,000 belong to Women's American ORT's 1,055 chapters, making it the largest Jewish women's organization of any type in the world.

The \$3m. WAO raises annually helps support ORT schools operating in 23 countries on five continents.

ORT schools, with 88 training centers throughout the country, is the main recipient of ORT support coming from all over the world, including that from Women's American ORT.

Today, almost 50,000 out of the 75,000 persons being trained in ORT schools throughout the world are enrolled in ORT-Israel centres.

DMC leaders

(Continued from page one) There will be an additional support of the candidate, who won the least votes in the previous round being dropped.

Prime Minister Begin is expected to present his new ministers to the Knesset on Monday. However, it was not clear last night whether Shimon Peres, Amnon Rubinstein and Mordechai Wilkowitz will vote for the government when the new ministers' candidacies are presented there.

Rubinstein complained on Friday that other DMC elements had utilized his trip abroad to negotiate with the Likud behind his back. This was tacit criticism of Tamir, who conducted intensive talks with Finance Minister Simha Ehrlich.

Tamir last night denied holding secret negotiations. There were "very limited contacts, but no negotiations," he said. "Yadin is entitled to hold contacts...with the leader of another party when asked to do so. Since he could not have done so personally (because he was in the U.S.), the request was addressed to me. It was a perfectly private approach and I reported it (to Yadin). This is what happened and there were no negotiations," Tamir maintained.

The coalition partners who met in Ehrlich's office in Tel Aviv on Friday morning encountered no difficulties in formulating the agreement, DMC sources said.

They agreed that Yadin be chairman of the Ministerial Committee on Social Betterment and Society; the DMC will be represented in all ministerial committees; there will be changes in the Knesset committees. (The DMC's Shmuel Tolemano heads the Knesset Committee on State Control, a position traditionally reserved for an opposition party).

Finance Minister Ehrlich undertook to give Yadin full power on allocation of Social Betterment budgets.

The parties also agreed that a joint committee will decide on the number of regions into which the country should be divided under the pending electoral reform. Should the committee fail to reach agreement, Prime Minister Begin will decide the matter.

'Come back to us,' Peres urges DMC ex-Labourites

Post Political Reporter

Labour Party chairman Shimon Peres on Friday called upon former Alignment members who supported the Democratic Movement for Change in the last elections to return to Labour.

Speaking on Israel Radio, Peres said that "the Labour Party presents the only alternative to the Government's policy and it is the only movement where a real change can be introduced."

Peres argued that members who crossed the floor to the DMC hoping to introduce real change in Israel's political life were proven wrong. "The only party with principles, which does not follow passing opportunistic considerations — is the Labour Party," he said in an apparent allusion to Labour's refusal to accept Prime Minister Menachem Begin's call for a national unity government.

Peres argued the DMC was "not credible and not serious" in its demand for an electoral reform. He said for such a reform received a "death blow" with the DMC decision to join the Government, he said.

But Industry Minister Yigal Hurvitz called upon former colleagues in Labour to join the government side without their left-wing partner in the Alignment — Mapam. (Hurvitz had been in Rafi which joined Mapai and Abud Ha'avoda to form the Labour Party.)

Beersheba mayor will not run again

BEERSHEBA (Iltm). — Mayor Eliahu Nawi yesterday informed Labour party chairman Shimon Peres that he will not run on Labour's list for mayor of this city in the next election. He also denied rumours that he would run as an independent candidate.

The rumours followed a vote in the local Labour Council 10 days ago opposing Nawi's candidacy. Peres tried last Wednesday to convince Nawi to run for re-election.

Widow held for killing sister in suicide pact

TEL AVIV (Iltm). — A 73-year-old North Tel Aviv woman was remanded on Friday on suspicion of having murdered her twin sister in a suicide pact that she failed to carry out completely.

In remanding Charlotte Eisenhardt for 15 days, Magistrate Arye Eizenari ordered that she be held for observation in the Bat Yam Government Hospital.

The suspect, a widow, and her sister Miriam Goldstein, a divorcee, had lived together for years in the suspect's spotless three-room flat here, supporting themselves on reparations from Germany. According to police, the suspect told them that her sister — who had a history of eight previous suicide attempts — raised the idea of a suicide pact on Wednesday night.

On Thursday morning, the suspect said — while her sister was dozing in bed — she took a heavy bronze statuette and struck her on the head a number of times. She then tied a nightgown around the victim's neck, straightened up the body in bed and set out to end her own life by hanging herself from a beam in the bathroom. According to what she told police, she first tried to stab herself with a

kitchen knife, but it proved too dull. She then thought of drowning herself in a hot bath, but the water turned out to be only lukewarm — so she went to bed, intending, she said, to starve herself to death.

The following morning she awoke, went to a neighbour and announced that she had killed her sister.

Police told the court that the two women, who were childless, came from a family with a history of mental illness. Their father had committed suicide in Germany, and their mother had attempted suicide there although she was eventually murdered by the Germans in Auschwitz.

The sisters had apparently tried a suicide pact in Germany, where all but one of the dead sister's eight suicide attempts had been made. On her last attempt — in Tel Aviv — doctors had had to amputate her hand when her slashed wrist brought the danger of gangrene.

The two sisters were liked by their neighbours, although considered odd. Only the dead woman, who had been in mental hospital, was known to the neighbours as mentally ill.

Moslems demand control of Wakf

Jerusalem Post Reporter

NAZARETH. — Moslems from all over the country, joined by a handful of Christian Arabs, met here on Friday to demand that the Wakf, the Moslem religious trust, be transferred from government control to local Moslem communities. Absent from the mainly political gathering were religious dignitaries, among them kadi; the tone was set by communist and nationalist speakers, both Moslem and Christian.

They demanded that only Moslems should manage the Wakf properties, just as they alone should appoint clerics. (The Wakf funds have been controlled by the government since 1948. Before that the Jerusalem Mufti, Haj Amin, al-Husseini, controlled the funds and used it for political purposes, including the financing of terrorist activities against the Zionists and the Jewish population.)

The conference heard Nazareth Mayor Tawfik Zayyad, MK (Kakab) accuse the government of "tightening the reins against the Arabs." The half-million Arabs living in Israel are part of the Palestinian people which has political, not only religious, rights, Zayyad said. The meeting ended with an appeal for contributions, and the participants raised tens of thousands of pounds for a committee to pursue its aims, one of which is to draft a bill on Wakf property to be brought before the Knesset.

British JIA pledges £20m. next year

"Breaking the 30th barrier," during Israel's 30th anniversary is the goal of the Joint Israel Appeal of Great Britain and Ireland, according to JIA Chairman Trevor Chinn, at the conclusion of a week-long JIA leadership mission.

Close to 300 participants were in the mission that ended last night with a dinner in the Knesset addressed by Moshe Arens, chairman of the Knesset Foreign Affairs and Defence Committee. The mission came to Israel to begin 1978 campaign activities in conjunction with

Monte (Mori) Kashman

died on Friday, October 21, 1977

The funeral will set out from 5 Rehov Daphna, Tel Aviv today, Sunday, October 23, 1977, at 1.30 p.m.

Marjorie Kashman Susan, Gidon, Yana, Hadara and Shaya Lev Shiva is at 22 Yehoshua Bin-Nun, Tel Aviv

The Rebecca Steff English-speaking group of Tel Aviv

extends condolences to our chairman

Marjorie Kashman

on the passing of her beloved husband

MONTE

My beloved husband, our father and grandfather

Eng. HANS HANAN ROSENBERGER

passed away on Oct. 21, 1977.

The funeral will take place today, Sunday, Oct. 23, 1977, leaving Rambam Hospital at 1.00 p.m. for the new cemetery, Kfar Samir, Haifa.

A bus will be available at the Hospital for those attending.

Wife, Blanka Alsborg Rosenberger Daughter, Ruth, and Shmaya Levy and families

U.S. officials see Palestine 'entity' linked to Jordan

Just as U.S. state is linked to Washington

Jerusalem Post Correspondent

WASHINGTON. — Top U.S. officials have described to a visiting Mapam leader a vision of a Palestinian "entity" on the West Bank which would have a similar relationship to Jordan as America's 50 states have to the Federal government in Washington.

In an interview, former MK Dov Zakia said he was told by the Americans that such a Palestinian "entity" would have considerable political autonomy in local governmental matters. But its foreign affairs and security problems would be conducted by the Jordanian government in Amman.

Zakia was in Washington on Thursday and Friday for a series of lengthy meetings with senior American administration and congressional leaders, including Senator Edward Kennedy, and with National Security Adviser Zbigniew Brzezinski.

Zakia was repeatedly told that the U.S. prefers to see any Palestinian

"entity" have formal and legal status with Jordan. The U.S. does not want an independent Palestinian state between Israel and Jordan, a member of the Foreign Affairs and Defense Committee was told.

But he was also told that Palestinians must have some way to express their identity. Every one of the 50 U.S. states has its own state parliament, so too a Palestinian "entity" could have its own local parliament. But same time, just as the U.S. look to Washington to handle policy and defense matters, the Palestinian "entity" to Amman for these matters.

This type of "federated" Americans said, would involve an Israeli withdrawal of much of the West Bank and a mingling of Arab sovereignty region.

Dayan: Areas representatives at Geneva must be real residents

Foreign Minister Moshe Dayan stressed in a radio interview on Friday night that there is an understanding with the U.S. that the Geneva conference can be reconvened only on the basis of Security Council resolutions and that this means there can be no PLO participation.

As to selecting the Palestinian Arab representatives mentioned in the Israeli-U.S. working paper on Geneva, Dayan said: "I do not know how they will do it from the technical standpoint. But I do know what we will be able to say in this matter. We will be able to say that they must be representatives of the inhabitants of Judea and Samaria and the Gaza Strip — in simple language, that they be residents who are actually living there and that they must say when they arrive that they are

participating in the conference as representatives of this nation, not as the representative PLO or of any other body."

Dayan said he assumed that representatives would be chosen through elections. At any rate, the A.I. would not do the choosing.

Asked about U.S.-Israel cation, he said there was an understanding — an agreement — that would consult with Israel's move, "and I presume the consult to a greater or less with Israel."

"However," he added, "I provision to the effect that must accept Israel's advice."

U.S. grants visa to PLO official

Jerusalem Post Correspondent

WASHINGTON. — The U.S. has authorized an entry visa for an official of the PLO to address a gathering in Michigan of Arab-American university graduates.

The State Department approved the visa application of Mahmoud Darwish, the head of the Palestine Liberation Organization's research centre, under a new amendment to the Immigration and Naturalization Act which has just gone into effect.

The amendment, introduced by Sen. George McGovern (D-South Dakota), makes it easier for previously-restricted persons, such as members of the Communist Party, the PLO and other undesirable organizations, to enter the U.S. American officials familiar with the case said there was no doubt that Darwish would conduct any business in this country other than making a speech. They denied any plans for U.S. government contact with him.

Earlier this month, the State Department rejected an application

by another PLO official, Jibril, to address a convent Middle East Institute in Washington earlier this year had the U.S. with the intention of establishing an office for Jibril in Washington, but he was asked to leave after it was learned he had lied about his place of his entry visa application.

Egypt navy exerts features new missile

CAIRO (UPI). — War General Mohammed G watched naval exercises

Alexandria coast yesterday featured for the first time 1 built submarines and the launch of a new land-to-sea missile. The Egyptian navy's new missile, the "Hafsa," was launched from a submarine and hit a target in the Mediterranean Sea. The missile was developed by the Egyptian navy and is a significant step forward for the country's military capabilities.

THIS WEEK at the TEL-AVIV MUSEUM

EXHIBITIONS

Tel Aviv Museum, Sherat Shaul Hameloch THE GOLD OF PERU — Treasures of the Pre-Columbian cultures in Peru (Zacks Hall), until October 31.

Under the patronage of the Israel Discount Bank. Sunday — Thursday the Exhibition is open from 10 a.m. — 10 p.m.

Friday: 10 a.m. — 2 p.m.; Saturday: 7-11 p.m. Events during the Exhibition: Audio-visual programme on Peru and its culture Sunday-21 day at 3 p.m.; Monday: 11 a.m.

Tuesday, Oct. 25, 7.00 p.m.: Documentary film on the Art Culture of Peru (colour, 58 min., English commentary), courtesy of the Instructional Television Centre.

And at 8.30 p.m.: The Religious Commemoration of Gold in Kingdom of the Sun, lecture by Dr. Nahum Megged, L. American Studies Department, the Hebrew University.

Saturday, Oct. 29, 7.30 p.m.: guided tour of the exhibition Iris Bornstein NEW SELECTION FROM ISRAELI ART COLLECTION THE MUSEUM (Myerhoff Hall).

SWISS PHOTOGRAPHERS, 1830-1977 (Graphics Hall and Hall) until Oct. 25. Helena Rubinstein Pavilion, Rehov Tarsat YOSAF COHEN — PHOTOGRAPHS MARIS BISHOPS — TIME OUT

CONCERTS

Tuesday, Oct. 25, 8.30 p.m. In the Grand Auditorium Series Detlev Grevenmühl, violin

Programme: Corelli — Sonata in B Major; Mozart — 50 in F Major (K. 376); J.S. Bach — Sonata No. 3 in C# for Solo Violin; Brahms — Sonata No. 3 in D Minor, op. Saturday, Oct. 29, 8.30 p.m.

In cooperation with the Israel Broadcasting Authority Music Spectrum. Programme prepared by Boris Berman. Michael Shofar, baritone; Lorenzini Starik, viola da gamba; Boris Berman, piano and harpsichord.

Programme: Vocal and instrumental music of Elizabeth England. Kopitman — For Boris Berman (first performance). Fousseur — Nadrigal No. 2 pour 4 instrument anciens. Shoenberg — Two pieces for piano, op. 23. Ode to Napoleon

CINEMA

Hester Street Writer and director, Joan Micklin Silver; with Carol Kane Steven Keats (English, Hebrew subtitles) Sunday — Thurs 4.30, 7.30, 9.30 p.m. Saturday, 7.30, 9.30 p.m.

MOBILE MUSEUM

Guided tours — the architectural styles of Little Tel Aviv. For adults: Architecture of the Twenties (second series). Tour No. 2, Neo-Babylonian Architecture Wednesday, Oct. 26, 5.00 p.m.

Starting from: Allenby Road, corner Hayarkon. Participation fee — ELI0 Prior registration at the Museum ticket office.

VISITING HOURS: Sunday, Monday, Wednesday, Thursday: 1.00 a.m. — 5 (Library: 10.00 a.m. — 4.00 p.m.; Tuesday: 10 a.m. — 1 p.m.; (Library: 10.00 a.m. — 4.00 p.m.; 4-7 p.m.; Friday: 10 a.m. — 3 p.m. (Library: 10 a.m. — 1 p.m.); Saturday evening: 7.00 p.m. — 11.00 p.m.

On Saturday, the new Museum building will be open to public free of charge from 10.00 a.m. — 1.00 p.m.

JOIN THE FRIENDS OF THE TEL AVIV MUSEUM

We deeply mourn the death of our dear mother

EVA RABINOVICH

JOE RABINOVICH
SIDNEY RABINOVICH
EZZY RABINOVICH
HAROLD RABINOVICH
MALKA RABINOVICH
ABRAHAM RABINOVICH
and Families

The funeral was held in New York on Friday October 21, 1977.

On the first anniversary of the death of our beloved

Dr. YACOV STOYANOVSKY

we shall gather at his grave at the Mount of Olives Cemetery at 2.00 p.m. on Monday, October 24, 1977. A special bus will leave at 1.45 p.m. from Davidka Square.

The Family

In Memory of Our Beloved Parents

SAMUEL AND REBECCA MISHKIN

A Memorial Grove will be Dedicated

on Tuesday, October 25, 1977, at 11.30 a.m. in the American Bicentennial Park of Keren Kayemeth LeIsrael on the outskirts of Jerusalem

THIS WEEK

Lotto Draw 43/47
Minimum First Prize
IL2,000,000
(including carry-over)
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Tomorrow is the last day
for buying tickets for this
draw. Subject to lottery law.

Hurvitz predicts 23% cut in foreign payments gap

TEL AVIV (Him). — Israel's balance-of-payments gap may be reduced this year by \$700m. — to reach only \$2.5b. (instead of last year's \$3.25b. and the \$4b. recorded in 1976) — Industry Minister Yigal Hurvitz predicted on Friday.

Hurvitz told the Commercial and Industrial Club here that Israel's most pressing economic problem today is its \$10b. foreign debt, which is a heavy burden on the country's present and future.

Hurvitz said Israel will be able to achieve a far-reaching improvement in its balance of payments within a few years. But one precondition for that would be a reasonable system of labour relations.

"An economic coalition must be set up immediately, comprising all the major forces in the economy — the private sector, the Histadrut and the public sector — to discuss together how we shall hold out, make progress and become stronger," Hurvitz said.

The minister said that, according to a forecast submitted to him recently, Israel can achieve an export level of \$8.5b. by 1980, if output increases by 4.7 per cent a year and even if immigration is no more than 8,000 a year. If that is achieved Israel will be able to attain balance in its foreign payments, he said.

Attaining this objective, Hurvitz explained, will require the investment of IL54b. in industry, or IL5.5b. a year. Such an investment level is by no means out of the question, he said — but added that there will be no investment unless it is profitable. Enterprises will not be kept alive by subsidies, he said, and wherever there are difficulties all those involved will have to sit down together and find a solution which will take into account problems of employment in development areas.

Hurvitz referred specifically to the Kitan Dimona and Sivei Dimona textile plants, both of which are in difficulties, with the latter being in operation only with the help of government subsidies.

Hurvitz also predicted that the number of tourists this year will reach the million mark — a record figure.

If Israel maintains an adequate level of services, he said, that number could be doubled by 1982, yielding the economy a revenue of \$1b., 88 per cent of which is domestic added value.

The tourist industry, Hurvitz said, is held back so much by insufficient hotel space as by a shortage of skilled manpower. To correct this, his ministry intends to open two schools for hotel workers, one in Eilat and the other in the centre of the country.

Gafny calls for real-wage freeze

TEL AVIV (Him). — Bank of Israel Governor Arnon Gafny called over the weekend for the Government to freeze its budget and prevent any real rise in wages, taxes and profits.

Gafny, who was speaking over Israel Radio, said such steps were necessary to brake inflation, which he said was running lately ahead of what had been expected.

To point up the latter fact, he noted that IL5.7b. had been pumped into the economy in the first half of the current fiscal year — an amount equal to the total planned money-injection for the whole year. He added that real wages had risen 8.7 per cent between January and May.

The government must decide which are its priorities, he said, "because it can't go on living by virtue of the fact that there is a Bank of Israel that prints money."

Emergent fascism in Britain: no longer a joke

By ALAN ELANER

THE EVENTS in Britain point to a new, more serious, and more dangerous force for the first time since World War II. The local elections of May 6 were an outstanding success for the extreme right-wing National Front. It fielded candidates in every major British city, and it did not actually win a single seat. But it claimed 8.5 per cent of all the votes, including 119,000 in London.

Comparison of the 1977 and 1978 results shows that the vote rose from 5.2 per cent of the vote in Green, 19 in Hackney Central, 15.1 per cent in Hackney North and East, and 11 in London's East End. In Hackney, the Front candidates won more votes than their opponents.

Organizer Martin Webster says now we'll be taken seriously at the next general election when we intend to field candidates. With the May 6 results behind us, we consider a major political party, no joke people have taken us

tain from Jeweb control." He described Jews as "...poisonous maggots feeding on a body in advanced state of decay" — a description he repeated to "The Times" in March, 1969.

Later in 1969, Tyndall, then NSM secretary, wrote to the Egyptian Embassy in London requesting financial aid of £15,000 so that the NSM could "...constructively cooperate in fighting the organized forces of Zionism and World Jewry, which threaten interests mutual to both of us and thus place both in a position of waging a common struggle with a common object." His request was turned down.

In 1964 Tyndall and Webster formed a new party, the Greater Britain Movement (GBM). One of the clauses of the party's official programme called for laws forbidding marriage between Britons and "non-Aryans." On gaining power, GBM promised "medical measures to prevent procreation on the part of all those who have hereditary defects, either racial, mental or physical."

In 1967, GBM merged with the recently-formed National Front. Within three years, the clique grouped around Tyndall and Webster had taken effective control of the party. Its rise in popularity began as it switched emphasis from attacking Jews to attacking blacks. But the suspicion remains that anti-Semitism lies at the basis of Tyndall's and Webster's thinking.

John Kingsley-Read, an "unimpeachable" challenger to Tyndall's leadership of the Front, said in "The Times" on July 2, 1977: "John Tyndall has told me, and you must understand that I got to know him very well, that his plans are to use the immigrant issue to gain power and then to get rid of the race he hates the most, the Jews."

CERTAINLY, though very few of the Front's public pronouncements in recent years have referred to Jews, the pages of "Spektr" still carry frequent "exposés" of the "International Zionist Conspiracy." In his role as "Special Troubleshooting Investigator," Martin Webster devoted a whole series of articles to the subject last year. "Zionists run Biggest Dirty Tricks Operation in Britain," screamed the headline of the June 1976 edition. "We of 'Spektr' hold that the two biggest conspiracies are those of Inter-

national Communism and International Zionism."

It is interesting to note that rarely do these articles refer to "Jews" any more. It is now at the door of the "Zionists" that the blame for most of the world's ills is laid. The Front is clearly trying to take advantage of the efforts of Arab propaganda to make "Zionism" a dirty word.

An interesting exception to this rule was an article by Tyndall last March, in which he examined the claims of the "Jewish Problem." "The Protocols of the Elders of Zion" would not have been printed in dozens of languages and read earnestly by millions of people in scores of countries, sometimes becoming officially sponsored by states, if they did not contain observations that were immediately recognizable by a great many people as fitting the picture of the world that they saw themselves. In my view, it is incumbent on the Jews who dislike the theme of the Protocols not to prove that the book itself is a forgery but the theme contained in it is wrong."

Among the Front's other leech-publicized activities is the distribution of the pamphlet, "Did Six Million Really Die?" This publication contends that the Hitler Holocaust never actually happened. It alleges that this "myth" was in fact invented by Zionists in order to squeeze reparations out of the West German Government. Auschwitz was a giant industrial complex, the pamphlet says.

Interpreted with the text are "hints and diagrams" to lead it to a scientific veneer, and the booklet is full of quotes, cross-references, footnotes and all the other tools of respectable academia. One photograph is of Anna Frank and the caption, "Her Diary is a Fake." Another purports to illustrate "Healthy and cheerful inmates released from Dachau."

Yet, in spite of these activities and the efforts of various anti-fascist groups, prominent among them the defence committee of the Board of Deputies of British Jews, to expose the truth about the National Front, the party continues to gain votes and respectability.

Dr. Jacob Gewertz, executive director of the committee, works tirelessly to denounce the Front's Nazi ideology.

"The thing we most fear is that just as Hitler took the Jewish ques-

tion onto the streets of Germany, so will the National Front take the immigrant question away from Parliament and onto the streets of Britain," Gewertz said in "The Times" on July 2, 1976.

YET ONE YEAR later, this is precisely what seems to be happening. Last August 18, the Front held a rally in Lewisham in south London. Trouble was expected, and anti-fascists, left-wing Trotskyites conspicuous among them, were out in force. The clashes of the day left more than 150 injured, many of them policemen, and 1,000 similar number arrested. The demonstrators had come armed with knives, stones and ammonia, and the police defended themselves with riot-shields — the first time they had been used in England. It is unlikely, however, to be the last.

The clashes were blamed mainly on the anti-fascists. "The Times" even published a long interview with Tyndall a few days later, which gave him the chance once more to pose as a moderate, devoted only to freedom of speech and democracy.

But it would be as well to pay heed to the words of John Kingsley-Read in the July 2 "Times." He writes that the democratic principle the Front now pretends to follow is simply a facade. If the Front ever got power they would never let it go, they would take over the country. Tyndall's wildest dream is to flatten part of the centre of London and make it one big parade ground with government offices all around the edge. He would have 2,000 troops permanently marching around it, and no matter what government building he was in, he could come out on the balcony and take the salute.

"All this," Kingsley-Read wrote, "is well hidden from the bulk of Front members. Tyndall has realized that wearing Nazi uniforms is not politically wise. They are saying that all these activities were the instructions of youth and that it is all changed. But believe me, it is still all there."

The author, a free-lance writer, is a recent immigrant from Britain. (Continued, page 4)

Is your mailman also a detective?

By AARON SETNER
Jerusalem Post Reporter

If you are dissatisfied with the pace of postal delivery — well, just have some patience! By 1980 or thereabout, says Shlomo Ambar, things should be better. By then the first of six planned central sorting depots is to open.

The Director of the Communications Ministry's Postal Service recently discussed some of the problems and promises of moving mail in an interview with The Jerusalem Post.

"We have certain problems here which no other country has," he confessed. "We are far from being an illiterate society, of course. But streamlining postal operations requires lots of standardization — such as in addressing and zipcoding. Well, how far can you get with standardization in a country that is based on the principle of continuing immigration — from all the corners of the earth?"

To point up a contrast, Ambar mentioned the Netherlands. According to international postal experts, about 80 per cent of the letters posted in Holland are addressed in typewritten manner.

"Do you realize what this means?" asked Ambar. "Besides making life easier for pre-sorters and letter carriers, there's another plus — OCR (Optical Character Readers) could eventually be put into use."

OCR is old hat to those who have come into contact with computer operations. An electric "eye" beam scans the writing at very high speed. It then sends an electronic "message" back to a device known as an interface. This converts the "message" into some type of usable form. It could be electronic computer language form or mechanical. In fact, the latter form of interface output is already being used by some



KEEP 'EM GUESSING: The nameless mail box — so common in Israel — is one of the reasons behind slow mail delivery, according to Shlomo Ambar, Postal Services Director.

Modern, post-box systems abroad for area or "zip" code sorting. Postal authorities believe OCR will eventually be perfected to the point where the human element — with its inherent human error — will become obsolete in most mail handling operations.

In Israel, such a prospect is even

beyond the dreaming stage. Not only are addresses here written in Russian, French, Arabic and other "strange" languages, but use of a typewriter is — to say the least — quite remote. "Even our banks frequently post large mailings with handwritten addresses," Ambar observed.

Among the postal headaches peculiar to Israel, Ambar mentions names on mailboxes. Despite repeated nationwide campaigns, an unbelievable number of Israelis insist upon keeping their mail boxes names.

Some do this intentionally — perhaps to keep the bill collectors or tax men away. But most are just negligent. "People here are too careless, and then they complain when their mail is delayed," Ambar said. "What it boils down to is that our letter carriers must be detectives. So, when a letter carrier is home sick, or on holiday, his substitute is stumped. He goes out on the route, makes his rounds, and comes back with a good part of his sack undelivered because he could not locate the addressee."

Ambar also had some pretty powerful poker for municipalities. "Why," he wondered, "must Jerusalem have both a Rebov Bahal and a Sderot Bahal? Or take the name Gordon. Fortunately for Zionism, but unfortunately for mail sorters, there were several Gordons instrumental in laying the groundwork for the State of Israel. "As a result, there are several Gordon streets in the same town or city. And, unless you include a first name or initial in the address, the letter carrier will either have to know who lives on which Gordon street — or else, return the letter for an address search by post office back-up men."

(Second in a series on postal services in Israel.)

MERIT

The First Major Step since the invention of the Filter

Taste secret found by isolating key flavor ingredients in cigarette smoke, then adding them to tobacco.

The greatest challenge to cigarette makers in recent years has been to make a mild cigarette that wasn't "low" in taste.

It seemed impossible. Until now. After twelve years of research Philip Morris U.S.A., has found the way to do it and the cigarette is called MERIT

By isolating certain key flavour ingredients of tobacco in cigarette smoke (ingredients that deliver taste way out of proportion to tar and nicotine), researchers, at Philip Morris, have developed a way to pack extra flavour into tobacco without the usual increase in tar and nicotine.

The discovery is called "Enriched Flavour" and with MERIT you can now smoke a very mild cigarette which will still give you incredible smoking pleasure.

MERIT the only cigarette of its type in which mildness is combined with wonderful taste, for maximum smoking pleasure

"Tobacco statistician John Maxwell stated that "Merit will probably sell more than eight billion units this year (1977) and will probably turn out to be the most successful new introduction ever." TOBACCO REPORTER, Feb. 77

"Enriched flavour" — a special process for enriching the flavor of a very mild cigarette. Made in U.S.A.

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GENERAL ELECTRIC

Pretoria under fire from U.S., UN U.S. recalls envoy from South Africa

WASHINGTON (AP). — The State Department announced on Friday it has recalled U.S. Ambassador William Bowdler to Washington from South Africa for consultations on recent events in that country.

The move was seen as another expression of the Carter Administration's displeasure over South Africa's banning of 15 mostly black newspapers, and its detention of more than 40 black leaders.

The brief State Department announcement said the decision to recall Bowdler was made by Secretary of State Cyrus Vance. It said Bowdler is expected to arrive here early next week and will return to his post a few days later.

The State Department had publicly warned South Africa on Wednesday that suppression of the black organizations and newspapers had "implications for relations with the U.S."

"It has been our hope that the South African Government would recognize dialogue with all elements of the society as the prerequisite to peaceful progress and lasting social tranquility. However, we have now witnessed unfortunate actions that seem to represent a very serious step backwards," the department said then.

Even while criticizing South Africa, the administration praised its "constructive and useful" support for racial change in Rhodesia and South West Africa.

(Pass laws were scrapped on Friday in South West Africa by its new administrator, Martinus Steyn, a South African judge. These include a 55-year-old law requiring blacks to carry a pass documenting when and where they may travel and a 16-year-old ordinance requiring blacks to obtain, and produced on demand, a permit to be able to stay in an urban area longer than 72 hours. And last week laws forbidding sex or marriage between blacks and whites were also eliminated.)

In New York, the U.N. Security Council agreed on Friday to open debate tomorrow on South Africa's recent arrests and bannings. The meeting could spark an African-Western confrontation over arms sanctions against South Africa at a time of delicate negotiations over Rhodesia and South West Africa.

In Johannesburg, Foreign Minister P.W. Botha told an election rally near here on Friday that it was time South Africa "showed its fist to the world." One reason why an election had been called for November 30 was to show the world that "we will decide how South Africa will govern itself," he said.

Seated beside him on the platform was Prime Minister John Vorster, who the previous night had reacted

defiantly to the Carter Administration's decision to review U.S. relations with South Africa in the light of last week's tough crackdown on anti-apartheid critics. Echoing Vorster's line, Botha said: "America must not come up with moral arguments. We are not prepared to sacrifice ourselves for the merit of their argument."

That same day, police arrested 97 Indian adults and youths at a public meeting in a Johannesburg Asian suburb and held 54 black youths in a dawn swoop on township homes outside Vereeniging. Major General David Kriel, deputy police commissioner in charge of riot control operations, said the Indians were detained during a lunchtime meeting. Outside gatherings are prohibited since rioting flared up in black townships throughout the country in June last year.

Kriel would not give details of the meeting nor the names of those held. Meanwhile, the South African Government on Friday officially announced a form of limited self-government for the sprawling black township of Soweto outside Johannesburg.

A government announcement said a community council, such as outlined in an act passed by parliament earlier this year, would be established for Soweto.

Township leaders' immediate reaction to the announcement was negative, reflecting their belief that the council would be a waste of time.

Soweto, home of 1.2 million blacks, is run by the West Rand Board, a department of the central government.

The powers of the proposed Soweto council would include allocation of housing, trading licences, administration of welfare facilities and some limited tax powers.

But the role falls far short of the complete municipal autonomy sought by an ad hoc group of Soweto community leaders, the Committee of 10, of whom six, including the chairman, were detained in Wednesday's security clamp-down.

The Post Office in Johannesburg announced yesterday that "Freedom of the Press" is a theme for one of next year's special issues of South African stamps.

The decision is believed to have been taken before Wednesday's government closure of the black newspaper, "The World," the arrest of its editor, Percy Qobusa, and the banning of a white editor, Donald Woods.

(AP, UPI, Reuter)

WINTER TIME. — British summer time ended officially at 3 a.m. this morning when Britons put their clocks and watches back one hour to 2 a.m. Greenwich Mean Time.



Amsterdam police seen searching two men who set off a German flag in front of the West German consulate on Thursday to protest the deaths of three jailed German anarchists.

Hijacker kills self after freeing hostages

By NORMAN KEMPSTER and JEFF FRUGH

Washington Post News Service

ATLANTA. — A shotgun-wielding, accused bank robber shot and killed himself on Thursday night while negotiating with his lawyer aboard the Frontier Airlines Boeing 737 jet he had hijacked to Atlanta from Grand Island, Nebraska.

Atlanta police reported that Thomas Michael Hannan, 29, died less than an hour after he had released all 13 passengers remaining on the aircraft as hostages at Hartsfield International Airport.

Earlier in the evening, Hannan

had agreed to surrender after his homosexual lover, George David Stewart, told him over a two-way radio hookup that to do otherwise would be to "throw away" his life. "Go ahead and surrender," Stewart said. "There's nothing else to do. It's just going to be a bloody thing."

Stewart told Hannan that there was nowhere the two of them could go to start a new life.

Hannan had hijacked the plane early Thursday morning in Grand Island, his home town. He ordered it flown to Kansas City where he released all of the women passengers and a man with a heart

condition, then ordered the plane flown on to Atlanta, where it arrived just after noon.

Hannan had demanded \$3m. two machineguns, two parachutes and the release from jail of Stewart.

"I appreciate your devotion but your life is worth more than just throwing it away," Stewart told Hannan.

The hijacker and Stewart were arrested in September on charges of robbing an Atlanta branch of the National Bank of Georgia. Hannan was out on \$5,000 bail, but Stewart was still in jail in Atlanta awaiting trial. Hannan was allowed to return to Grand Island.

'Giscard must court French Jewry'

By JACK MAURICE

Jerusalem Post Correspondent

PARIS. — Leading political commentator Jean-Raymond Tournoux said here yesterday that President Valéry Giscard d'Estaing, with his sights set on the French general election, is trying to avoid difficulties with the country's Jewish community similar to those of President Jimmy Carter with America's Jewish community.

Tournoux wrote in the conservative "Le Figaro": "It is in the interests of government majority — as they well understand — not to approach the rendezvous of March 1975 without seeking to convince France's Jews of the president's goodwill towards Israel."

The commentator said Jewish leaders would not recommend that the community vote for one side rather than another, in contrast to

advice given before the municipal elections earlier this year to favour the Opposition as a warning to the government.

He added: "The sympathy felt by the Jews for some of those in power is very weak. But that does not mean that the Opposition enjoys widespread confidence."

"However, with the exception of the abhorred communists, the Opposition draws its strength from the fact that it has not shouldered responsibility for 20 years. Giscard feels the recoil of what French diplomats has forbidden and recommended."

Tournoux said that French Jewish leaders did not set out to punish one party and reward another, but to judge each candidate on his record.

The commentator paid tribute to Premier Menahem Begin's warm welcome to ex-premier Jacques Chaban-Delmas who visited Begin in the hospital in Israel. Tournoux stressed that if Begin's health permits him to come to France, the visit would have to take place before the French election campaign gets under way.

French officials said on Thursday that a visit to France by Begin was not to be excluded just before or after his official trip to Britain November 20-23.

The officials were commenting on a report in "Davar" that the Prime Minister might come to Paris some time next month. But they declined to confirm that the visit was already scheduled.

Chaban-Delmas renewed an invitation from the French Government, originally extended to Yitzhak Rabin during his premiership, when he made the hospital call.

Tournoux said that, although neither Israel nor France would change their policies as a result of Begin's visit, there could be progress towards relaxing tension.

Tournoux said French Jews were disappointed by President Giscard's failure to reply to Yugoslav President Tito's tough anti-Israel speech during his state visit to Paris last week.

The commentator noted that Giscard, who has publicly courted ex-settlers from North Africa, white-collar workers, lawyers, old people and ecologists in a vote-catching campaign during recent weeks, could not afford to overlook the country's 700,000 Jews.

Wind power

WASHINGTON (Reuter). — The world's largest windmill will be built on a mountain top near Boone, North Carolina, and will generate enough power to supply more than 600 homes, the U.S. Department of Energy said yesterday.

Brezhnev: 'Turn for the better' Carter: SALT treaty 'within a few weeks'

DES MOINES, Iowa (AP). — President Jimmy Carter said on Friday night the U.S. will reach a new Strategic Arms Limitation Treaty (SALT) with the Soviet Union "within a few weeks," but declined to say exactly when.

Without elaborating, Carter dropped the announcement in the middle of a speech to a fundraising dinner at Veterans Auditorium.

Asked about his statement afterward, Carter told reporters: "I don't know how many weeks. I think we have a good prospect but it's not firm yet."

He declined to say whether or where any breakthroughs were made.

"I really didn't want to go into detail," the President said. "We're still negotiating with the Soviet Union and keeping the Senate informed. We have much better prospects than we had a few weeks ago. We have an excellent chance..."

Soviet President Leonid Brezhnev said in Moscow on Friday that he sees "a definite turn for the better" in the arms talks and hopes agreement will be reached "without undue delays," according to the Soviet news agency Tass.

Carter said at a nationally televised news conference a week ago that the U.S. was making progress in its nuclear arms limitation negotiations with the Soviet Union.

The President's Press Secretary, Jody Powell, has said the progress was on three fronts — reducing the actual number of nuclear weapons in each nation's arsenal, limiting qualitative improvements in atomic weapons on both sides and on weapons of "special concern."

The last category was believed to refer to the Soviet Backfire bomber and the U.S. cruise missile which have been particular sticking points in SALT talks.

The U.S. wants the Soviet Union to count in the Soviet 11,000 strategic nuclear delivery vehicles and the Soviets want the range on the Cruise dropped to less than 400 kms.

Earlier, the President predicted "true catastrophe" for the U.S. does not swallow the "medicine" of his energy plan, take drastic steps to conserve.

He also attacked America's natural gas producers for doing greater profits, while claiming they need for export, said foreign oil supplies were artificially high prices on markets.

The President, who is resisting a Senate vote to lift controls on natural gas, said producers were promoting that there was a free market and gas. Removal of price controls would mean virtually no new production but would lead to profit takeoffs by the producers.

The President's wide-ranging speech was interrupted once by a small group of demonstrators boisterously chanting, "Stop the bomb!" "Feed the people, Pentagon."

Two separate groups took about 150 persons demonstrated outside the auditorium as Carter said. An anti-neutron bomb group a 4-metre high banner and a "No bomb," as the President said. Members of the other wore white masks and protested upcoming visit by the Shah.

The neutron bomb is a radiation, low-impact weapon designed as a missile weapon. Because of the large amount of radiation it emits, it is thought to kill humans beings relatively small explosion buildings intact.

Teenage IRA girls launch fire-bomb terror campaign

BELFAST (UPI). — One hotel was gutted and three trains and another hotel were slightly damaged yesterday in a wave of IRA fire-bombings that police said were apparently carried out by teenage girls.

The Town and Country Hotel, a sprawling three-story building at Newtownards, 15 km. east of Belfast, was burned out after two firebombs exploded in one of its large cabaret lounges.

The fire started shortly after 10 a.m. when an incendiary planted in the back of a settee exploded. The manager narrowly escaped injury when a second incendiary exploded within feet of him.

Police said a teenage couple attending a dance there last night were believed to have planted the devices.

(Four firebombs which exploded at the Grosvenor Hotel in a suburb near the Belfast Andersonstown district were put out before they could cause serious damage.)

A spokesman reported that one firebomb exploded on a train as it pulled out of Lisburn, southeast of

Belfast, for the provincial. He said three other unexploded incendiaries were found in a car and another on the platform.

Police believe the bombs planted by four young girls at the station before the device exploded. Official sources blamed IRA's "Provisional" which is fighting to end British rule and Protestant domination in Northern Ireland.

The Provisionals are lost post among the province's Catholics, and are trying to rule through terror firebombing campaign. Most 200 people they have "knee" — shot in the knee — this year been Catholics; bearing out of a split within the group over their anti-British campaign being waged.

Five years ago the Provisionals could muster up to 700 men in Belfast alone. Today, they are an increasingly high casualty British intelligence estimated guerrilla strength in Northern Ireland at no more than 200.

Rival extremists clash in Britain

LONDON (AP). — Supporters of the extreme right-wing National Front fought with members of the ultra-leftist Socialist Workers' Party on Friday in Leigh-on-Sea, a coastal town east of London.

There were no reports of any serious injuries in the battle, the latest in a spate of clashes between the rival extremist parties in Leigh and other towns in recent weeks.

The fighting broke out when about 60 SWP members were blocked by police from reaching a hall where the Front's national organizer, Mar-

tin Webster, was holding a meeting with 100 supporters.

The leftists tried to find way to the meeting and even ran head-on into Webster's group. The brawling faction separated by police in a major operation.

The Front is campaigning now with its aim to repatriate the two million non-living in Britain. The SWP is abolishing capitalism by revolution establishing a "world democracy."

WALL STREET WEEK

Investors still cautious

NEW YORK (AP). — A recent survey of investing institutions finds little evidence of any improvement in their recent cautious attitude toward the stock market.

The quarterly survey by Robert Farrell, vice-president and manager of the market analysis department at Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner and Smith, in fact found a rise in the number of institutions planning to reduce their percentage commitment to stocks.

Farrell also reported no evidence of any big buildup of cash reserves — regarded as a traditional measure of the "fuel" available for future market strength — among institutions.

The analyst said the data collected in his survey "suggest that institutions are becoming less optimistic about returns from equity

investments for the long term. The wariness of many institutions toward the market has resulted in plenty of attention in the decline of stock prices this year.

With its 13.34 decline to 806 week, the Dow Jones average industrials hit a new two-year low and passed a milestone of 800.

The drop extended the average loss from the recovery high of 791 reached on September 17 to more than 200 points. The average nearly half of the Dow in the late 1974-1975 recovery.

Other weekly readings: Standard and Poor's Index stocks down 1.24 at 92.32, a New York Stock Exchange composite index off 17 at 50.6. Board volume averaged 20.06 shares a day, against 19.03 the previous week.

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כלכלה מן הארץ

Extra year for U.N. fer troops in Sinai

NATIONS (AP). — The Council decided Friday to buffer troops stationed Egyptian and Israeli forces for another year.

uncil voted 13-0, with China a not participating, "to e mandate of the United Emergency Force for a one year" until Oct. 24,

ree has been stationed the two sides since the all war of October 1973 and reported strength is 4,397. lets would have run out at tomorrow had it not been

olution renewing the man-called upon all parties com-plement immediately." ill's 1973 cease-fire resolu-ling that negotiations "just and durable peace" ddle East should start im-

cretary-General Kuri, who had asked for the ex-maintain continued quiet al sector, noted after the "intensive efforts are being various levels" to revive ms. legate James Leonard said ade over the last year to in 1973 Geneva Middle East ferences would benefit from assuring that the diplomacy free of "an atmosphere of ation." He expressed that both Egypt and Israel mts to the renewal. esolution, except for up-dating, was identical to hich the Council had man-sar's extension of the force 376.

President Rikhi Jaipal of it to the vote as soon as the tiveness through an un-

derstanding he said he had worked out with the other 14 members beforehand.

China and Libya customarily refrain from participating in votes on the stationing of UN troops in the Middle East. China's view is that the revolutionary process should be allowed to take its course. Libya's point is that Israel and its supporters should pay expenses of such operations, now assessed against all UN members.

UNEF is made up of troops from Australia, Canada, Finland, Ghana, Indonesia, Poland and Sweden.

Israel and Egypt oppose deployment of non-Americans

WASHINGTON (Reuter). — President Jimmy Carter told Congress last week that Egypt and Israel had rejected a proposal to recruit non-Americans for the US mission supervising the military disengagement agreement in Sinai.

He said in a periodic report on the mission's activities that Egypt and Israel expressed strong opposition to the proposal, made by the mission's director.

The two countries felt that such a change would create difficult problems and risk upsetting arrangements which were working to their complete satisfaction, he said.

Carter added that Egypt and Israel had made clear their full support for the U.S. mission, installed after a disengagement accord reached by them following the Yom Kippur War.

Sadat dons the 'Nasser garb'

By IRENE BEESON



the beginning of the century without a word of recognition, praise or gratitude for Nasser.

However, the anniversary of Nasser's death last month saw a reversal of Sadat's attitude. He himself donned the "Nasser garb," resurrected the image of the "immortal leader" in what was interpreted as an attempt to rally support in the face of an opposition that now embraces virtually the whole spectrum of political trends.

The only official speech was

Sadat's in the People's Assembly. He spoke of Nasser as "the man who carried the banner to his very last breath... one of Egypt's greatest men... who will be remembered always..." He praised Nasser's achievements... "liberating" the Suez Canal... getting rid of the most powerful imperialist bastion... removing the corrupt monarchy... instituting the rule of the people for the people and by the people...

Inevitably he brought up his own "rectification revolution" but, this time, as the protector of the dead man's legacy.

He attacked those forces which threaten not his regime but the "great achievements" of the revolution.

This was directed at the Wafd Party, which for 30 years, from 1922 to 1952, was the main political force in the country, although it governed for only seven. Fuad Saraj Eddin, secretary general of the Wafd, is trying to make a comeback and recently attacked the regime's policies in a four-hour speech to the Lawyers' Syndicate. Sadat has turned down his request to re-establish the party.

Of equal concern to President Sadat is the resurgence of the left-wing Wafd, the "Wafd Vanguard," which recently announced its intention to set up its party, whether or not permission is granted. The Wafd Vanguard socialist programme has wide support among independents, liberals, Nasserists and the various left-wing groups.

While Sadat spoke, his security forces were rounding up 74 new "conspirators" described as belonging to a new Communist organization and including physicians, pharmacists, students, workers and officials. Political sources say they are, for the most part, members of the authorized left-wing party. They will be charged before the military tribunal with seeking to overthrow the government and "bringing about radical changes in Egypt by force."

Of 551 persons arrested during the January riots and held on similar charges, the courts ordered the release of 514. The remaining 37, who have been on hunger strike intermittently since September 3 in protest against their illegal arrest and detention, will also be released shortly, it is expected.

Sahara rebels use phosphates to tempt West

By TONY HODGES

ALGERS (Ofns). — The Saharan nationalist movement, Polisario, is willing to cooperate with Western interests in the giant Bu Craa phosphate mine if it wins its fight to evict Moroccan and Mauritanian troops from the ex-Spanish territory of Western Sahara.

"If the Western companies respect Saharan sovereignty, they will be welcome in Sahara," Hakim Ibrahim, the "foreign minister" of Polisario's Saharan Arab Democratic Republic (SADR), said in an interview here.

"I believe we have an advantage in cooperation," he said. "We will not be able to escape an international reality: the Sahara is a country producing primary commodities and it is obligatory to cooperate with the industrialized countries."

The Bu Craa phosphate deposits, sited 100km. south-east of the Western Saharan capital of el-Aaiun, are reputed to be the largest in the world, totalling up to 20 billion tons. The Spanish company, Fosfatos Bu Craa, which had invested some \$40m. at Bu Craa by 1976, began production in 1975. Annual productive capacity had reached 3.3 million tons by 1974 and was set to reach 10 million tons by 1980.

But production at the mine has been at a standstill since Moroccan and Mauritanian troops took over the territory at the end of 1975. Polisario fighters claim that they have repeatedly knocked out of action the 96km. conveyor belt that takes Bu Craa phosphates across the desert to the port at el-Aaiun.

Polisario leaders are warning the Western powers that there will be no phosphate production or further development of the phosphate

resources while the guerrilla war continues, and that they will not stop fighting until the estimated 31,000 Moroccan and Mauritanian troops are withdrawn.

They are also saying that prospects for cooperation between Polisario and Western companies in exploiting the phosphates will be good once Western Sahara is independent and the war is over.

Polisario leaders hope that these points will eventually convince some Western governments that it is in their interests to come out in support of Western Sahara's independence. At present, several Western countries, notably France, are supplying arms to Morocco and Mauritania.

Polisario notes that it is a declared supporter of the cause of non-alignment and that it is not a Marxist movement but bases its policies on the principles of Islamic Socialism.

Though it has not so far won support from either the Organisation of African Unity or the Arab League, Polisario's closest ties are with African and Arab countries. Nine African governments have given diplomatic recognition to the SADR and one, Algeria, allows Polisario facilities for base camps shelter for around 105,000 Western Saharan refugees.

Algeria may have its own interests in backing the rebel movement. It has long-standing fears of Moroccan intentions in the Maghreb. In 1963, Morocco's King Hassan briefly went to war with Algeria over the Tindouf region of the Algerian Sahara; and, until 1969, the King formally claimed part of Algeria, as well as Western Sahara, the whole of Mauritania and half of Mali, under his "Greater Morocco" policy, a bid to re-establish the empire chalked out in 1951 when a Moroccan force seized the ancient city of Timbuctoo in what is now Mali.

Secondly, Algeria needs to build a railway line from its still-unexploited iron deposits at Gara Djebel, near Tindouf, to the Atlantic. An export route to the Mediterranean would be longer and more costly, and a route through Morocco is judged too risky for political reasons.

So Algeria has considerable interest in being able to build a railway through Western Sahara, with which it shares a 30 km. border, so long as the country can be prised out of Moroccan hands.

ticularly his intention to return to Tunisia, caused consternation among his adversaries, including Premier Nouria.

The country seemed to be heading for a confrontation between the government and the trade union movement when Bourguiba saved the situation by summoning Nouria and Achour to a private meeting. He then reaffirmed his confidence in the Prime Minister, but Nouria in his turn declared his agreement with the new political course establishing a partnership with Libya. He explained that the new orientation was to be attributed to "the wisdom of President Habib Bourguiba" whose apparent main consideration is his country's deteriorating financial situation and its mounting foreign debts from which Libya could bail this country out.

Whether Nouria, a former banker, is sincere may be in doubt. There is little enthusiasm in this and other North African countries to toe the Libyan political line by endorsing all the twists and turns of the maverick Gaddafi.

Fresh winds blowing from Libya

By KARL LAVERNIO

Minister, Masmoudi, who at once went into exile.

The Libyan pendulum swung violently away from Tunisia as Gaddafi added Bourguiba to his list of foes. Last May there was talk of war when Libya put an oil rig in the Gulf of Gabes in an area claimed by Tunisia.

But, prompted no doubt by troubles on his eastern borders with Egypt, Gaddafi soon resumed his wooing of Tunisia. Last June he said the union between the two countries provided the "only solution" to the problems faced by both.

The oil dispute was to be submitted to the International Court of Justice in The Hague. Soon several agreements were made, including one for Libyan financial aid for agricultural development in Tunisia. Tension on the opposite front with Egypt reached a climax in the desert mini-war of July, and subsequent efforts by Arab leaders, including the

Algerian President Col. Houari Boumedienne, did save a precarious truce. The war of words ceased and so did the exodus of the quarter million or so Egyptian experts and workers from Libya. Borders between the two countries were reopened for traffic.

The significance of this return movement, which has by now involved about 100,000 Egyptians, is difficult to exaggerate in terms of the Libyan economy, which depends on imports of labour for a considerable part of its current five-year development plan (1976-81), during which \$25,000m. dollars are to be invested. Two out of three workers in Libya are foreigners. Many skilled workmen are Egyptians.

When the Egyptian bus drivers in Tripoli and other Libyan towns refused to turn up for their duties, during the recent desert confrontation, this mode of transport in Libya stopped.

The Libyans have now stepped up recruitment of foreign manpower to make up for the Egyptian gap. The most convenient pool of labour is in Tunisia. Acute unemployment there is aggravated by the threatened redundancy of thousands of textile workers following decisions by France and the EEC to curtail imports of garments from Tunisia.

One of the few people to appreciate the significance of Libyan potential for the Tunisian manpower situation here is the Secretary-General of the powerful trade union movement, the Union Generale des Travailleurs Tunisiens, Habib Achour, a supporter of Masmoudi and his pro-Libyan policies.

Masmoudi's statements, par-

A girl's law nential arrives in Cairo

UPI). — U.S. Treasury Michael Blumenthal arrived yesterday on a two-day yet acquainted with the economic scene.

Blumenthal's first trip since taking office last Egypt is the first stop in a ion tour which will take the to Israel, Kuwait, Iran, abia, Italy and West Ger-

ne in Jerusalem tomorrow. ican Embassy official purpose of Blumenthal's it is "to discuss bilateral and economic relations and

to get acquainted with major economic and financial personalities in Egypt."

He said the discussions do not cover American aid to this country, which averaged one billion dollars in the last two years.

Blumenthal will see President Anwar Sadat today.

His programme yesterday included meetings with Premier Mamdouh Salem, Deputy Premier for Economic Affairs Dr. Abdul-Moneim al-Kaisoum and Central Bank Governor Abdou-Fattah Ibrahim.

to help Arabs build own arsenal

RK (AP). — Four Arab e planning to manufacture missile systems and other is with the help of Western s. "Business Week" says:

gazins adds that "in a ambitious and, until now, secret plan" to "acquire from the West to prepare omies for the day the oil and to build their military in the meantime, Arab are about to enter the ted business of making The Cairo-based Arab

Organization for Industrialization — a consortium set up in 1975 by Egypt, Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates, and Qatar — claims it is signing a series of contracts worth four to five billion dollars with Western companies first to assemble and later to build everything from vehicles to jet planes and missile systems.

"American Motors Corp. is the first company to announce participation in the programme. It will start construction next month of a facility near Cairo that will turn out 12,000 jeeps a year."

Luckily there are some things around Switzerland that are worth flying to Switzerland for.

To the Forest Tourist Office:
possible that the sunbathed and slopes of Kaiserstuhl Markgräflerland, this Feld-Tütsen, Schluchsee or Jig im Breisgau might be right for you. Just ask the Black Forest really night at Basel-Mulhouse? Brochure, please.

To the Vorarlberg Tourist Office:
If there's a holiday area, only 100 km from Zurich-Kloten Airport, that's ideal for families. I'd like to know more about the opportunities your part of the world offers to families. And of course about Vorarlberg as holiday country in general.

To the Val d'Aosta Tourist Office:
I'd like to spend a few days away from jammed highways and exhaust gas. I hear this is particularly easy in your valley and the mountains round about, even though it's only 90 km from Geneva-Cointrin Airport. I'd like to start off by getting acquainted with the Val d'Aosta through your literature, which please send.

To the Haute-Savoie Tourist Office:
I've heard the names of Chamonix, La Clusaz, Megève, and Mont-Blanc so often that I'm curious about what goes on there. Particularly now that I hear it's only 80 km from Geneva-Cointrin Airport. Please send me your literature.

To the Swiss National Tourist Office:
I wouldn't believe even Swissair if they were to tell me Switzerland itself was not reason enough for flying to Switzerland. So please let me know what are all the loveliest parts of your Confederation.

To Swissair:
This is all very fine. But I'd like to know from you my best way of getting to Switzerland. And from there as fast as possible to 84 other Swissair destinations. Just send me your timetable. Many thanks.

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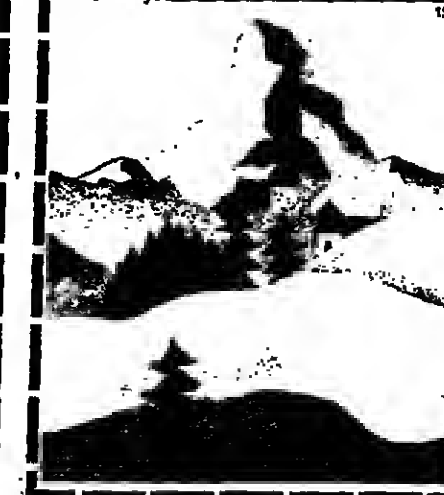
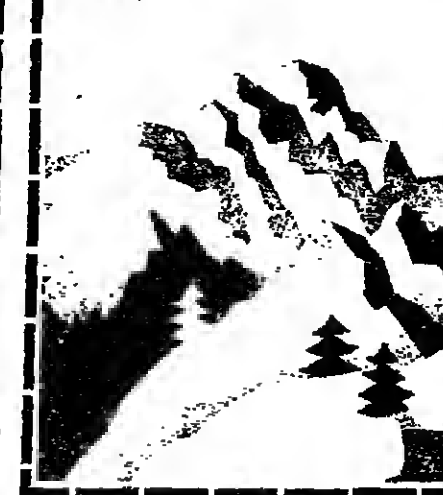
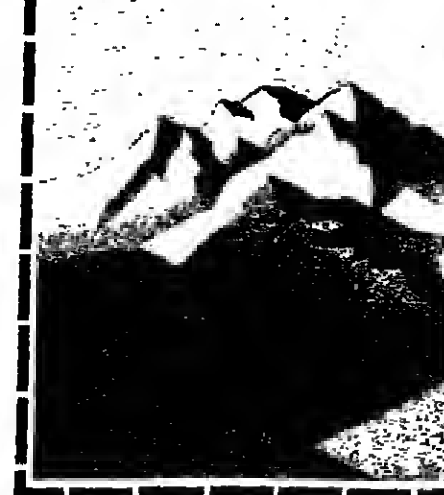
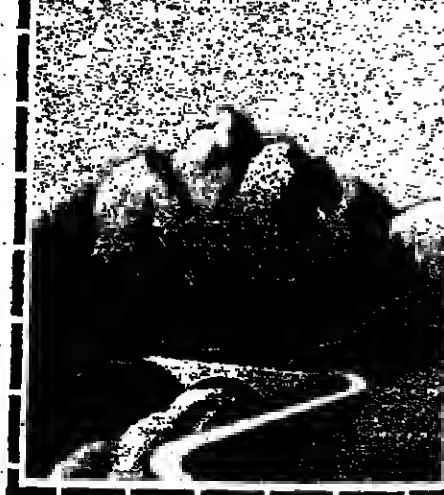
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Yehuda seniors teach youngsters cricket lesson

By JACK LEON

Jerusalem Post Sports Reporter

Ahshod "A" yesterday had a four-wicket victory over Ashdod here in the Israel Association's 10th annual cup final.

In first on a day borrowed from the Ashdod club, though its 1971 Young Ashdod triumphed twice. Other winners in Petah Tikva, twice, and last year.

er, which was captained by Yehuda, owed its impressive victory to Raymond and Samson, who put on 66 for the set. Raymond — sportingly — took the crease by his offer a dubious run-out decision early on — scored 3 in 150 minutes at the time the more adventurous 45 in little more than an

an Ashdod "A" suddenly its previously extremely strong, which included ground-

ing some half-dozen catches. A combination of fine catching and no less than three smart run outs was responsible for Young Ashdod losing its last seven wickets for the addition of only six runs.

The winner's most successful bowler was medium-pace Aaron Benjamin, with 3 for 40. Captain and paceman Eliezer Yosef finished with 2 for 50, while veteran Isaac Raymond's clever spinners earned him figures of 2 for 43 in a long and accurate spell. Raymond and Nahum Renben were the only players in the Ashdod "A" XI who were members of all its four previous cup-winning teams.

Kessel continuing the top form he showed the touring North-West of Ireland team earlier this month, and Wakulkar gradually got on top of the keen Young Ashdod attack, after slumping to 6 for 2. The pair put on 102 at a run a minute, with Nathan Solomon (brother of batsmen Raymond and Sammy) having the galling experience of seeing five catches put down from his bowling, before Wakulkar was unluckily run out.

Young Ashdod's fast bowler Reuben Zivard claimed 3 for 46, and medium-pace Danny Ben-Shimon 2 for 28, including the valuable wicket of Kessel.

by teams preparing for season opening next month

By JACK LEON

Jerusalem Post Sports Reporter

IV. — Rugby players in the country are getting ready for the 1977/78 season, plus early next month and until April.

club, Kiryat Shmona, has a Israel Rugby Football national league, bringing the entries to nine. The team, receiving much help from locally, includes Russian players who played in the Soviet

er clubs will appear under the names, Holon becoming Tel Aviv and Kiryat Shmona becoming Tel Aviv. This team will play its home fixtures on Lake Kinneret.

are expected to comprise 10 per cent of the 250 or so asking the field in what will be the season of national league.

Jerusalem Post yesterday, a number of warm-up matches, the season opens on November 5, with a rugby festival at Tzfat.

nts will compete in a series of matches, each lasting 30 minutes.

programme is to be by a knockout competition. The nine entries, which will be over three weekends.

tion to Kiryat Shmona, Tel Aviv and Golan-Jordan Valley, playing this season are Kiryat Shmona, Tel Aviv University, Baran, Holon, Tel Aviv University, and from the league sides there

id extended for football captain

V (Him). — District Court of Tel Aviv on Friday extended the remand of former basketball team captain Schneur, arrested on charges of stealing a stolen electrical good.

urt thus accepted the appeal against the 10-day remand on Monday against Judge Levin criticized the and ordered in the case by state's Court, and said it is time of the higher court to give the police appeal

ableford golf

Jerusalem Post Sports Reporter

EA. — Gena Handelman, who Weinbaum, playing as a the Better Ball Stableford here yesterday with 46 points better than the pair, Ben Gudes and Baran.

regate Stableford competition by Charles Frier and Friedman, with 76 points c Pincus and Meir Naor zins.

YEHUDA ISK

THE WONDER HEALER, NEE OF NATURAL ELECTRONIC HEALING HANDS, (school) has just returned from the U.S.A. and accepts the following patients:

ic children, retarded babies, migraine sufferers, those with pod circulation, angina pectoris, rheumatoid, and other. Accepts patients at the Hall of the German Cinema, 5, Deborah Hotel, 87 Ben Yehuda Street (corner Golan), 5) 244566, (06) 861989 (Sara). P.O.B. 11658, Tel Aviv. lay except Friday and Saturday from 9.00 a.m.—12 noon.

Haga Command

Notice to the Public

Citizen, Haga Command has prepared and distributed to the public a booklet giving instructions on how to ready oneself for an agency situation and how to act in times of war. You have not yet received this booklet, you may obtain a booklet in Hebrew.

Sincerely, Haga Command



Shlomo Kirt (Jerusalem Betar) and Yosef Sadriya (Jaffa Maccabi) fight for ball during their team's 0-4 draw at the YMCA grounds in Jerusalem yesterday. (Yisraeli)

Haifa Hapoel sets the pace

By PAUL KOHN

Jerusalem Post Sports Reporter

TEL AVIV. — Haifa Hapoel continues to set the pace at the top of the national league following a 2-0 home win over Jerusalem Hapoel.

But breathing down the Haifa necks is Netanya Maccabi with a 4-0 home win over Acre Hapoel and Hadera Hapoel 1-0 away winner over Tel Aviv Shimonah. Both clubs are on the five-points mark, one point behind Haifa Hapoel.

Next Saturday Haifa Hapoel entertains Netanya Maccabi, which has not yet conceded a goal but is the league's leading scorer with eight goals.

Tel Aviv Maccabi, the reigning champions, returned to winning ways in beating Tel Aviv Betar 1-0. Yehuda Hapoel scored its first win of the season over Tel Aviv Hapoel 2-0 at home and is level with Jerusalem

Betar, which was held to 0-0 draw by Jaffa Maccabi at the YMCA Stadium. Ramat Gan Hapoel, which set its first point of the season when parting 2-2 against Beersheba Hapoel.

Bnei Yehuda, the second division leader, dropped its first point in four games by letting a 2-0 lead slip in the 2-2 draw against Petah Tikva Hapoel. Petah Tikva Maccabi drew level on points after a 1-0 away win over bottom-placed Tzfat Hapoel.

A crowd of 13,000 at Bloomfield Stadium saw the Tel Aviv derby, but were treated to a disappointing game. Neither set of players appeared to be at peak fitness yet.

Maccabi Betar did the most of the attacking, with Betar depending on breakaway out of defence to threaten Sorin's goal. Benny Tabak scored the Maccabi winner in the 72nd minute after receiving a pass from Vicky Peretz.

In the early game at the same ground Hadera Hapoel brought off the surprise result of the day. This was a game in which Shimonah attacked incessantly for 80 of the 90 minutes, and a statistician counted 27 Shimonah shots at Hadera's goal. But there they found goalkeeper Ronnie Friedman, a soldier on leave, in great form, though most of the time there was a wall of 10 Hadera defenders in front of him. The

Yesterday's Results

NATIONAL LEAGUE

FIRST DIVISION

Yehuda Hapoel	2	Tel Aviv Hapoel	0
Tel Aviv Maccabi	2	Tel Aviv Betar	0
Shimonah	2	Hadera Hapoel	0
Haifa Hapoel	2	Jerusalem Hapoel	0
Beersheba Hapoel	2	Hakohab	0
Netanya Maccabi	3	Acre Hapoel	0
Jerusalem Betar	0	Jaffa Maccabi	0

SECOND DIVISION

Tzfat Hapoel	0	Petah Tikva Maccabi	1
Ramat Gan Hapoel	2	Haifa Maccabi	1
Rishon Lezion Hapoel	2	Netanya Hapoel	2
Ashdod Hapoel	0	Ramat Amichar Maccabi	0
Sh'arayim Maccabi	2	Kfar Sava Hapoel	0
Holon Hapoel	3	Bnei Shimon Hapoel	0
Petah Tikva Hapoel	2	Bnei Yehuda	2

Soccer Standings

NATIONAL LEAGUE, FIRST DIVISION — AFTER THREE GAMES:

	W	D	L	GOALS	POINTS
1. Haifa Hapoel	3	0	0	5:1	6
2. Netanya Maccabi	2	1	0	6:0	5
3. Hadera Hapoel	2	0	1	3:0	4
4. Tel Aviv Maccabi	2	0	1	5:1	4
5. Yehuda Hapoel	1	2	0	3:1	4
6. Jerusalem Betar	1	2	0	4:2	4
7. Shimonah	1	1	1	1:1	3
8. Jerusalem Hapoel	1	1	1	1:2	3
9. Beersheba Hapoel	0	2	1	3:4	2
10. Jaffa Maccabi	0	2	1	1:2	2
11. Tel Aviv Hapoel	1	0	2	2:5	2
12. Hakohab	0	1	2	2:5	1
13. Tel Aviv Betar	0	1	2	2:8	1
14. Acre Hapoel	0	0	3	1:7	0

SECOND DIVISION — AFTER FOUR GAMES:

	W	D	L	GOALS	POINTS
1. Bnei Yehuda	3	1	0	12:3	7
2. Petah Tikva Maccabi	3	1	0	4:1	7
3. Petah Tikva Hapoel	2	2	0	6:3	6
4. Haifa Maccabi	2	1	1	6:5	5
5. Holon Hapoel	1	3	0	6:5	5
6. Netanya Hapoel	1	3	0	6:5	5
7. Ramat Amichar Maccabi	1	2	1	4:3	4
8. Rishon Lezion Hapoel	1	2	1	4:5	4
9. Kfar Sava Hapoel	0	6	1	2:4	3
10. Sh'arayim Maccabi	1	1	2	3:6	3
11. Ashdod Hapoel	0	2	2	1:4	2
12. Ramat Gan Hapoel	1	0	3	3:9	2
13. Beit Shimon Hapoel	0	2	2	0:6	2
14. Tzfat Hapoel	0	1	3	4:8	1

Hadera winner was scored from the penalty spot by Yitzhak Shafir, in the 14th minute.

Beersheba Hapoel played its "home" game in Jaffa, where three of the four goals were scored in the last eight minutes, two of them in the last minute of play. Rafi Eliahu gave Beersheba the lead in the 49th minute after a neat dribble.

In the main game in the Second

Division (Liga Artzi) Bnei Yehuda led 2-0 with goals by Elud Ben-Tovim and Boaz Shulami in the 27th and 30th minutes. Goals in the 65th minute by Ya'acov Abutbul and in the 70th by Dov Renner saved a point for Petah Tikva Hapoel. In the last minute Ben-Tovim again had the ball in the Hapoel net but this goal was disallowed by referee Avraham Klein.

English football: Nottingham Forest extends league lead

LONDON (UPI). — Pacey-setting Nottingham Forest grabbed a 2-0 away victory against Queen's Park Rangers yesterday to stretch its lead at the top of the English first division soccer table to two points over champions Liverpool, which drew 0-0 at home to Merseyside rivals, Everton.

Nottingham's victory boosted its 12-match points total to 20, with Liverpool staying second on 18. West Bromwich Albion overwhelmed Manchester United 4-0 to jump into third place with 17 points, one ahead of Everton.

Wolverhampton Wanderers ended Manchester City's 13-month undefeated home record with a convincing 2-0 win which dropped City to fifth place on 15 points, the same as Coventry and Norwich. Coventry was held to a 1-1 draw by Ipswich, while Norwich beat Leicester 2-0.

Arsenal stayed in contention with a 2-0 success away to Bristol City and Birmingham maintained its climb under former England boss Sir Alf Ramsey by outplaying Derby 3-1.

At the foot of the table, Newcastle ended a 10-game losing streak with a 1-0 victory over Chelsea, and struggling West Ham shared a 2-2 draw with Aston Villa.

Tottenham stole the day's scoring honours, hammering Bristol Rovers 4-0 in the second division to move into second place, one point behind Bolton. Colin Lee, signed from Turkey on Thursday, celebrated his debut for Tottenham with four goals

and Ian Moores completed a hat-trick.

Bolton drew 2-2 against promotion rivals Southampton.

Nottingham Forest had little trouble in overcoming a lustreless QPR, but had to wait until the second half before Ian Bowyer opened the scoring from close range in the 56th minute and Kenny Burns clinched it seven minutes from time with a swerving 20-yard free-kick.

Liverpool and Everton produced plenty of thrills, but no goals for a capacity crowd in their local duel. It was Liverpool, the champion club of Europe, which came closest to scoring when Ray Kennedy rattled the crossbar with a fierce drive in the 16th minute, but Everton hung on to stretch its unbeaten run to 10 matches.

Manchester City, hammered 4-0 by Porto of Portugal in the European Cup-Winners Cup last Wednesday, suffered a similar punishment against West Bromwich, whose goals came from David Cross (2), John Wile and Laurie Cunningham.

John Richards scored both Wolverhampton goals which sent Manchester City slithering to its first home defeat after 29 games.

England striker Paul Mariner headed Ipswich into a 30th minute lead at Coventry, but the home side levelled through Tommy Hutchinson within five minutes. Roger Gibbins and John Ryan netted the goals in Norwich City's 2-0 victory over Leicester.

Tennis 'round the world

SYDNEY (AP). — Top-seed Jimmy Connors of the U.S. and veteran Australian Ken Rosewall will play in the finals of the \$125,000 Custom Credit Australian Indoor Tennis Championship at the Hordern Pavilion here today.

Rosewall, 42, shocked former pupil Vital Gerulaitis, 23, of the U.S., 7-6, 6-4, in the first semi-final yesterday.

Connors had no trouble beating fellow American Nick Saviano 6-1, 6-1 in the other semi-final.

Rosewall clinched his first set in a tie-breaker 7-5, then held off a fight back by Gerulaitis, considered by many to be one of the fastest men around the court, to win the second 6-4.

It was Rosewall's first win over Gerulaitis, whom he coached when he was with the Pittsburgh Triangles in American World Team Tennis four years ago.

In Buenos Aires, Argentine Guillermo Vilas downed Ili Nastase of Romania 2-6, 7-6, 6-4 to win \$9,000 in the finals of a special \$17,000 round-robin tennis tournament on Friday.

The Mexican Raul Ramirez earlier defeated Italian Adriano Panatta 6-4, 6-3 to clinch third place and take \$2,500.

In the 14-hour match between Vilas and Nastase, the Romanian began on top and broke Vilas' service twice to win the first set.

In the second set Vilas recovered and won the tie-breaker.

In the final set Nastase lost his service in the third frame, then protested a line call. He went to the net to try to talk to Vilas, but the Argentine ignored him.

The angry Nastase then appeared to lose control as Vilas took the set. Panatta seemed to be in command with a strong service at the beginning of his match, but Ramirez soon gained control and came back to take the third place.

In Holland, Michigan tennis great Pancho Gonzalez defeated fellow American Whitney Reed 7-5, 6-3 in Thursday's first-round action in a three-day stop on the Grand Masters Tennis Tournament.

Torven Uriebe of Denmark defeated Hugh Stewart of the U.S., 6-3, 6-3 and Rex Hartwig of Australia defeated American Vic Seixas.

In another match, Frank Sedgeman of Australia defeated Beppe Merlo of Italy, 6-2, 6-2.

The tournament, featuring tennis stars over 45 years of age, is touring the U.S. Holland is the seventh stop on the U.S. tour.

World Cup Football

MONTREY, Mexico (AP). — CANADA and Haiti tied 1-1 in a football elimination game on Thursday, automatically sending Mexico to the World Cup tournament next July as representative of the North Central American and Caribbean Zone.

Canada needed a victory in Thursday's game to keep its slim hopes for an automatic berth alive.

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Programme highlights:

* Oct. 24, 10.00 a.m. Official Opening of the Amelle Jakobovits Day Care Centre at Kiryat Nardaan, Netanya

* Oct. 24, 2.30 p.m. Dedication Ceremony of the Nursery, and Foundation Stone Laying of the Anthony Elliot Community Centre in the presence of H.E., the British Ambassador Mr. J.C.M. Mason at Kiryat Gat

* Oct. 25, 12 noon. Reunion of former pupils, and Consecration Ceremonies of various buildings at the Omen Children's Home in Afula

* Oct. 27, 12 noon. Reception by the President of Israel, Prof. Ephraim Kadir at his residence

* Oct. 27, 1.30 p.m. Luncheon with the participation of Mrs. Sarah Stern-Katzen, M.K.

Let us enjoy together your unique contributions to the upbuilding of religious Israel

Election of Jerusalem Rabbis

The Preparatory Committee for the Election of Rabbis for the City of Jerusalem announces that the elections, which were previously postponed, will now be held on November 13, 1977 (Kislev 2, 5738) at 4 p.m., at the Rabban Yohanan Ben Zakai Synagogue, Old City, Jerusalem.

The election regulations provide for the submission of candidacy not later than 7 days before the date of the elections. Applications for candidacy must be submitted in accordance with the details published by the Committee on July 8, 1977.

Jerusalem October 18, 1977 (Heshvan 6, 5738)

Gedalya Shreiber Chairman, Preparatory Committee

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The Government of Switzerland offers study grants of one academic year (1978/79), i.e. 10 months of study, to students with Israeli citizenship and at least a first degree, not older than thirty-five, for advanced study in any subject except medicine or study at the Institute for International Relations in Geneva.

Preference will be given to candidates with a master's degree.

Conditions:

The grant amounts to 800-950 Swiss francs per month. (This sum is sufficient to maintain one person).

The grant will only be given to unmarried persons.

Candidates must have a command of French or German.

For those who are not proficient in one of these languages, there will be special 3-month language courses prior to the beginning of studies.

These grants do not include round-trip travel expenses.

Applications should include curriculum vitae (preferably in French or English) and a photo, and indicate in detail the subject of intended study.

Copies of academic diplomas, a transcript of grades in English, two recommendations from lecturers who know the candidate well and a recommendation from his employer should also be included.

Please indicate telephone number at home and work.

Applications should be sent to the Director, Foreign Relations Dept., Ministry of Education and Culture, 34 Rehov Shirei Yisrael, Jerusalem, until Friday, November 4, 1977.

Applications received without the required documents or those arriving after the deadline will not be considered.

Free guided tours in English, Sun. and Wed., 11 a.m., Main Entrance, Upper Entrance Hall.

Tue., Oct. 25 7.15 p.m. GALLERY TALKS MORANDI: ETCHINGS, Stephanie Rachum

A stronger government

THE DMC's dramatic reversal in deciding to enter the Begin government coalition and the cries of "sell out" by opponents of the decision, highlight the dilemma which inevitably confronts reformist parties and movements.

Should such movements compromise their programme and participate in power when they can, or should they guard their political virginity in opposition, until they win over sufficient voters to put them into command?

Within DMC the differences over the issue continue to be sharp. The Shinui component of the party, younger, more idealist and less accustomed to the exercise of power than those political personalities which were drawn to Prof. Yadin, are not yet reconciled to embracing Mr. Begin and company.

They argue, with justification, that nothing really changed since the DMC's previous rejection of the terms Mr. Begin offered. In government or out, the DMC's platform will not be served. But outside, they believe, the party could at least strive to appeal to the public on the basis of its programme. Yet the more practised politicians within the DMC obviously felt that, in opposition, the new party was in danger of eclipse. In government it will be able to influence decisions, make an impact upon the electorate and permit some of its top personalities, besides Prof. Yadin, to help shape government operations.

Moreover, by being in the coalition the party will be in a better strategic position for the political realignments that may lie ahead as Herut, the Liberals, La'am and even Labour adjust to the future.

The major immediate consequence of the decision, of course, is to assure some stability to Mr. Begin's government, which will now enjoy a handsome majority in the Knesset. It will also hearten Jews abroad who are always dismayed by signs of disunity in Israel.

There may be those, especially in Washington, who will be tempted to perceive the DMC's entry into the government as signalling further dilution of some of Israel's long-held foreign policy positions.

Such a perception would, no doubt, be misleading. The Begin Government has thus far shown an unexpected degree of flexibility in dealing with the U.S. on the issue of a Geneva conference and the possibilities of a Middle East peace settlement. But behind that flexibility there also lies a broad consensus about the limits of what Israel can and cannot accept. The DMC, as part of that consensus, will thereby strengthen the government's hand in the diplomatic process of the months ahead.

POSTSCRIPTS

WITH ONLY five years to go until its centenary, Rishon LeZion will celebrate its 95th birthday next Pesach without fanfare. The town that produced the first Hebrew-speaking school and kindergarten will, however, mark the year by concentrating on its history. Msgr. Gibstein has announced that the municipal archives will be overhauled and turned into a permanent exhibition and one of the few existing huts of the founding farmers is to be refurbished as a tribute to the pioneers of 1882.

The sand dunes in the vicinity of Rishon bear witness to the natural difficulties with which the first settlers had to contend. The enthusiastic but inexperienced Bilum found that the crops they had dreamed of growing could not flourish in sandy soil. "The Baron" (Edmond de Rothschild) came to their rescue, sent them vines and set up the wine cellars. The settlers went on to plant almonds and tobacco, again with little success. Only citrus finally proved suitable.

Rishon is today a town of 90,000 souls, many of whom work in Tel Aviv. Few of its historic sites survive. But it has the honour of having had Eliezer Ben Yehuda among its first settlers and its Havi School was the first in the country to use Hebrew as the language of instruction. And the national flag originated there with the banner, fashioned from a talit by Israel Belkind, to honour the visit of "The Benefactor" — Baron Edmond de Rothschild.

S.L.

ONE OF THE ingredients of successful Arab tourism is imagination, and it need not be costly. A reader tells us that a recent international seminar for directors of nature reserves toured Canada, the United States and Mexico. All the way through, from Montreal via the Appalachians and the Everglades, the participants sported green "Kova Tumbles" with the Israel Nature Reserve emblem. The Israeli delegate had distributed them at the beginning of the tour.

Only the Jordanian representative had refused to wear the badge, preferring his own red and white keffiyeh.

A.E.



Justice Ben Porat

SUPREME COURT Justice Professor Miriam Ben Porat is apparently not going to be content to rest on the laurels of being the first Israeli woman to reach the top of the legal profession. In her address to the Jerusalem branch of the Israel Association of University Women this week, she put forward a suggestion which, if taken up, may make history in this country.

Her subject was "The Good Samaritan," the person who goes to the assistance of another. What if the Good Samaritan is himself injured while performing his good deed? Should he not be legally entitled to compensation?

In the absence of legislation to this effect, Mrs. Ben Porat suggested that a public fund be established to provide such compensation.

Should we, she asked, be content with the legal position in some other countries, which amounted to the advice of "mind your own business," and turn our eyes the other way when we see a person being robbed or in danger of drowning? Should we not rather have ourselves on Maimonides' precept that "he who saves the life of one man is as though he had saved the whole world"?

In fact, Justice Ben Porat would like to see it made a criminal offence not to go to the aid of persons whose lives are endangered.

There were many in her audience who felt that those nations who still believe it expedient to parley with terrorists might well ponder on Mrs. Ben Porat's remarks.

F.D.

SAMUEL GOLDWYN, that legendary Hollywood figure, is reputed to have always declared loudly at the height of tense negotiations: "These are my principles, but if you don't like them, I have others."

This anecdote came to mind when contemplating the Democratic Movement for Change. All the difficulties that prevented the DMC from joining the Begin Government until now mysteriously vanished overnight.

Prof. Yadin and his fellow DMC leaders owe the public a better explanation than the one they have produced so far. Is all the enthusiasm for reform of thousands of unpaid volunteers that was poured into the DMC during the election campaign to end in the whimper (certainly not the big promised bang) of Yadin as a deputy prime minister enjoying little power, Shmuel Tamir as minister of justice, Meir Amit as minister of transport and either Israel Katz or Meir Zorea with another portfolio?

What has happened to make Yadin change his mind from his firm declaration on TV a fortnight ago that he had no thought of joining this government? How come he suddenly feels he can work with Begin after the things he was telling interviewers (including me) less than a month ago, of Begin always preferring the religious parties in a pinch?

Sources in the Likud were, of course, jubilant on the morning of the DMC decision. A senior Likud politician told me gleefully that Begin had brilliantly manoeuvred the DMC into accepting half of what they could have obtained four months ago. The Likud man looked as pleased as any London housewife emerging from a Harrods sale.

Democratic Movement for Change goes in NOT WITH A BANG BUT A WHIMPER

Yigael Yadin's decision to take his DMC party into the government now remains unexplained, MARK SEGAL, Post Political Correspondent, argues. DMC will play second fiddle in the coalition, and its reformist image will be irrevocably tarnished.

The Likud has given away next to nothing and in return is assured of a comfortable parliamentary majority. In addition, it has cancelled the DMC out as a potential threat and installed the seeds of its eventual disintegration. The DMC leaders can be compared to the almost defeated Independent Liberals, whose function under Labour they will now perform for the Likud.

The DMC leaders must know that Begin will never allow electoral reform, that they are maintaining the same kind of government structure as before, and that they are powerless to stop the rise of religious coercion.

As for foreign and defence policies, Yadin is in for a surprise if he thinks that the team of Begin and Dayan will let him have any say in that field. If he had not dithered so much in recent months he might have entered the government enjoying real power and with a greater measure of dignity. In our interview

he laughed at the crack about Begin wanting the DMC in on the basis of 242 (two ministers, two deputies and on all four).

A number of concurrent happenings brought about the DMC volte-face. Firstly, the DMC politicians were severely shaken by recent voting survey conducted by Modi'in Ezerah Ltd., which showed that if elections were held today the DMC would only get four per cent of the votes, or about a third of what they won in May 1977.

Concern for the Prime Minister's health was undoubtedly another factor, though the politicians are loath to discuss this.

The Liberals were most interested in bringing the DMC into the coalition, for they hope to form an alliance with Yadin that would counterbalance the dominant Herut partner. And for any reason Mr. Begin could not complete his term of office, there would be, according to Liberal thinking, an Erlich-Yadin

conducted behind anyone's back that is immoral at this stage.

The fact is that Tamir has made it after decades of signs and out of various frameworks, and right into cabinet despite President's known animosity for him.

Obviously, Yadin will be standing of such cabinet. Dayan, Weizman and Shar would be in keeping with Mr. Begin's practice of playing off his opponents against each other. Yadin's presence in cabinet, thus it is expected, will press for an alignment Herut as a counter to the de facto Liberal-DMC alliance. This provides Dayan with the same political base inside the Likud as Herut's Weizman.

The DMC itself will now become an enlarged and Liberal Party, performing French bourgeois parties. Radicals, in always promiscuous but convenient government, it is doubtful that it will be able to remain a movement of passionate reformers that so many hitherto uninvolved to work in the election campaign.

It was characteristic of the Rubinstein, Mordechai V. and other members of the original kernel of the DMC against joining the coalition since time they have themselves pushed aside by coming professionals, what the Right, like Tamir and A. or from Labour, like Meir Zorea, Shmuel Tolec Israel Katz.

READERS' LETTERS

THE NEGEV BEDUIN

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — I was surprised to read in your issue of September 29 that Agriculture Minister Sharon told Beduin sheikhs in the Negev that "the Government of Israel will continue aiding the Beduin, nurturing and encouraging a Beduin entity."

I lived and worked this last year with several different tribes of Beduin in the Negev and I never met a single Beduin who felt aided or nurtured by the government.

Because the Beduin were too conservative and loyal to join in last year's "Land Day" demonstrations, most Israelis think that they are content with their lot. In fact, Negev Beduin are growing increasingly frustrated over the government's policy of concentrating Beduin into "workers' neighbourhoods."

Before Independence, Negev Beduin had large tracts of traditional land in the northern Negev, some registered in the Taha and some unregistered. They had, and still have,

A SOLUTION TO THE WEST BANK PROBLEM

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — The greatest opportunity in government ever presented in concrete form is being set before the people of the West Bank — Judea, Samaria and Jerusalem.

Israel's new Foreign Minister, Moshe Dayan, gave substance to this dream in speaking to the Foreign Ministry personnel: "This government wants to achieve peace with the Arabs not on the basis of the territorial partition of the West Bank, nor by splitting the region in two parts with one area belonging to Israel and one to an Arab country. We want to establish a cooperative form of life on the West Bank without incorporating any part of it in Jordan or any part of the West Bank and the Gaza Strip in any government."

What would "a cooperative form of life on the West Bank" mean to the people, to the Jews, the Palestinians, the Christians, the Moslems?

1. The first step towards peace is the acknowledgment that the land in dispute belongs to God, thus to all the people. Sovereign rights and claims must be surrendered by Israel, Jordan and the Palestinians. The entire area must be governed by a United Peace Committee representing Israel, Jordan, the Palestinians, composed of Jews, Moslems and Christians, with the United States as sponsoring partner and with the blessing of the UN.

2. All public land formerly held by

RELIGIOUS SETTLEMENTS

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — In his article, "A time to rewrite Jewish history" (September 26), Moshe Kohn has been overzealous in accusing the Zionist institutions of initially refusing members of Hapoel Hamizrachi the right to establish settlements on Jewish National Fund land.

The truth is that, at the beginning of the twenties, only few religious groups were eager to found farming villages and that within religious circles, including Mizrahi, there were doubts about taking land from the JNF, because, in his opinion, it did not demand strict Sabbath observance in its contracts. However, the epic of the Kfar Hassidim settlers (f. 1924) was a cause of great pride and figure prominently in contemporary JNF publications. In 1927, Sode Ya'akov was established by a Hapoel Hamizrachi group and was soon followed by further religious settlements (Kfar Haroeh, etc.).

The religious kibbutz movement came into being only later and had its temporary camp on JNF land near Petah Tikva. The founding of Tirat Zvi, and other religious tower-and-stockade settlements in its wake, was gladly welcomed by all sectors

YOUTH GROUP

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — The caption of the picture of the Jerusalem marchers which appeared on your front page of October 12 erroneously refers to the young people as GADNA youth. In fact, it is one of our "HANAM" groups, youth groups organized by the Israel Youth Hostel Association who are active in social and cultural functions at your youth hostels.

DR. WALTER KATZ, Chairman, Israel YHA, Jerusalem.

B-G AIRPORT

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — We refer to A.E. Emerson's letter complaining about lack of comfort at Ben-Gurion Airport (September 21).

The chairs at the airport were not meant for a prolonged wait, but only as an essential convenience for a short rest. However, we shall take Mr. Emerson's remarks into consideration when airport furniture is due for replacement.

HANNA BARAG, The Airport Authority, Jerusalem.

Defence Service Law 5719-1959

(CONSOLIDATED VERSION)

ORDER TO REPORT FOR REGISTRATION AT DISTRICT RECRUITING OFFICES

Male and female Israeli citizens and permanent residents born between April 9, 1959, and October 2, 1969, both dates inclusive, must register at their local district recruiting office, in accordance with the Order to Report for Registration they have received.

This order does not apply to married women, mothers and pregnant women. Men and women above who have not received an Order to Report for Registration must report to registration at one of the district Recruiting Offices in Table A below, at 8 a.m. on the date corresponding to their date of birth, as set out in Table B.

TABLE A	
Jerusalem	Recruiting Office, 103 Rehov Rashi (Mekor Baruch)
Tel Hashomer	Recruiting Office, Tel Hashomer (near Elron)
Mata	Recruiting Office, 12-14 Rehov Omar Khayyan
Nitzotza	Recruiting Office, Rehov Natzrat
Beersheba	Recruiting Office, 22 Rehov Yed Vashem

TABLE B			
DATE OF BIRTH		REGISTRATION DATE	
FROM	TO	MEAN	WOMEN
Sept. 22, 1960	Oct. 6, 1960		Dec. 11, 1977
Oct. 7, 1960	Oct. 21, 1960		Dec. 12, 1977
Oct. 22, 1960	Nov. 5, 1960	Oct. 31, 1977	Dec. 13, 1977
Nov. 7, 1960	Nov. 21, 1960	Nov. 1, 1977	Dec. 14, 1977
Nov. 22, 1960	Dec. 6, 1960	Nov. 2, 1977	Dec. 15, 1977
Dec. 7, 1960	Dec. 21, 1960	Nov. 3, 1977	Dec. 16, 1977
Dec. 22, 1960	Jan. 5, 1961	Nov. 4, 1977	Dec. 17, 1977
Jan. 7, 1961	Jan. 21, 1961	Nov. 5, 1977	Dec. 18, 1977
Jan. 22, 1961	Feb. 5, 1961	Nov. 6, 1977	Dec. 19, 1977
Feb. 7, 1961	Feb. 21, 1961	Nov. 7, 1977	Dec. 20, 1977
Feb. 22, 1961	Mar. 5, 1961	Nov. 8, 1977	Dec. 21, 1977
Mar. 7, 1961	Mar. 21, 1961	Nov. 9, 1977	Dec. 22, 1977
		Nov. 10, 1977	Dec. 23, 1977
		Nov. 11, 1977	Dec. 24, 1977
		Nov. 12, 1977	Dec. 25, 1977
		Nov. 13, 1977	Dec. 26, 1977
		Nov. 14, 1977	Dec. 27, 1977

Those coming to register should present themselves at the proper time and place, as given in the Order to Report for Registration they receive, or if they have not received the said Order, as indicated above, it is strictly forbidden to diverge from the dates set out in the Order for Registration, without previous permission from the officer in charge of the recruiting office.

Those reporting for registration should bring with them their identity card, or registration form issued by the Ministry of Interior, or their birth certificate.

ALUF NISSENE YITZHAK ROSEN
Chief Recruiting Officer
O.C. Manpower Branch

NOTE: The full text of this Order has been published in Korets Hatahshut.

Ministry of Education
Dept. of Adult Education

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Oral Torah	Hoshea Rabkowitz	Mon., Oct. 24 — 4.30 p.m.
Conversational Yiddish	Yochel Szeintuch	Tue., Oct. 25 — 4.00 p.m.
American Fiction by Jewish Writers	Paul Gould	Tue., Oct. 25 — 6.15 p.m.
Bible I—Book of Genesis	Louis Katzoff	Tue., Oct. 25 — 8.00 p.m.
Central and East European Jewish Writers	Soi Liptzin	Wed., Oct. 26 — 4.30 p.m.
Rebirth of Israel	Elazar Goelman	Wed., Oct. 26 — 6.15 p.m.
Jewish Communities from Islamic Countries	Jeff Halper	Thurs., Oct. 27 — 6.15 p.m.
Archaeology I	Michael Fried	Thurs., Oct. 27 — 8.00 p.m.

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